



Northwestern Health Unit Census 2006 - Report 5

March 2008

Summary:

- In the Kenora and Rainy River Districts 75,630 (89.9%) persons lived at the same address as one year ago and 8,475 persons (10%) moved away.
- In Ontario 86.6% of the population lived at the same address as one year ago.
- In the Kenora and Rainy River Districts 55,195 (69.5%) persons lived at the same address as five years ago and 24,200 (30.5%) moved away.
- In Ontario a smaller percentage (58.7%) of the population lived at the same address as five years ago.
- Fewer people migrated to the Kenora and Rainy River Districts from other provinces or territories and countries.
- Between May 16, 2001, and May 16, 2006, a total of 3,180 people (4%) migrated from other provinces compared to 1.6% found for Ontario. Only 0.7% of the population (575 people) migrated from other countries compared to 5.0% found for Ontario.

Inside this issue:

Mobility, Migration	1
Mobility Status Categories	2
One Year Mobility, Kenora and Rainy River Districts, 2006	4
Five Year Mobility, Kenora and Rainy River Districts, 2006	4

Source of data in this Report is from: Statistics Canada, 2007. 2006 Community Profiles, 2006 Census. Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 92-591-XWE Ottawa. Released March 13, 2007. <http://www12.statcan.ca/english/census06/data/profiles/community/index.cfm?Lang=E>

Mobility

Mobility simply refers to the person's usual place of residence on Census Day, May 16, 2006. Census mobility data was collected for one year (between May 16, 2005 and May 16, 2006) and for five years (between May 16, 2001, and May 16, 2006).

Understanding mobility can be challenging because of the different categories assigned to the movers. A person can be a non-mover or a mover. Non-movers are persons who were living at the same address (city, town, township, village or Indian Reserve) at the

time of the census. Movers, on the other hand, were living at a different address at the time of the census.

Movers are identified as non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are movers who were living at a different address but in the same census subdivision (CSD). For example, a non-migrant is a person who during the time of the census was living in the city of Kenora, and moved from First Street to Fourth Street. The non-migrant mover did not change the city he was living in, only his address. On the other hand, a

migrant is a mover who was living in a different address than previously. The former address could be in a different (CSD), census division (CD), province, or territory.

What is a CSD?

CSD refers to Census Sub-Division. A CSD can be a town, city or Reserve.

What is a CD?

CD refers to Census Division. The District of Kenora and the District of Rainy River are CDs. There are a total of 49 census divisions in Ontario.

Migration

Migrants are further subdivided into three categories. They are intraprovincial, interprovincial and external migrant. An intraprovincial migrant is one who had moved to another CD but continues to live in the same province. The interprovincial migrant is one who had lived in a different CSD and in a different province. For example, at the time of the census this migrant had lived in the city of Kenora, in the District of Kenora and moved during the year(s) to the city of Calgary, in the province of Alberta.

External migrants refers to movers who were living in Canada on Census Day but were living outside Canada in the previous year or five years earlier. This applies to Canadians who were working out of the country or people who came from another country to live in Canada.

Reasons for migration vary. Some decisions to move are based upon the physical/social environment, politics, economics and/or cultural factors.

There are different types of migration patterns such as circular (moving back to where one began) and seasonal (farm workers or 'snowbirds'). The most common form of migration is from rural to urban areas.



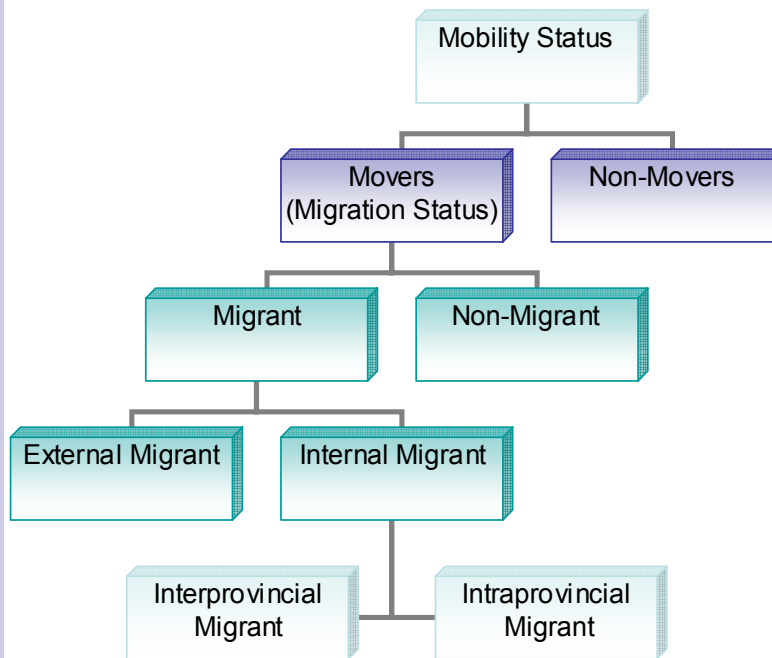
Mobility Status Categories

What is mobility ?

Mobility refers to the place of residence five years ago and place of residence one year ago. Each type of data separates the population into two groups: non-movers and movers (people who have changed dwellings during the specified period of either five years or one year).

Children over the age of one are included in the count for the place of residence one year ago, and children five years of age and older are included in the count for place of residence five years ago.

It should be noted that the mobility data based



on place of residence one year ago have been collected since 1991. The CSD of residence one year ago is based on the 2006 Census boundaries. Census boundaries have changed over time i.e., the amalgamations of Ontario communities.

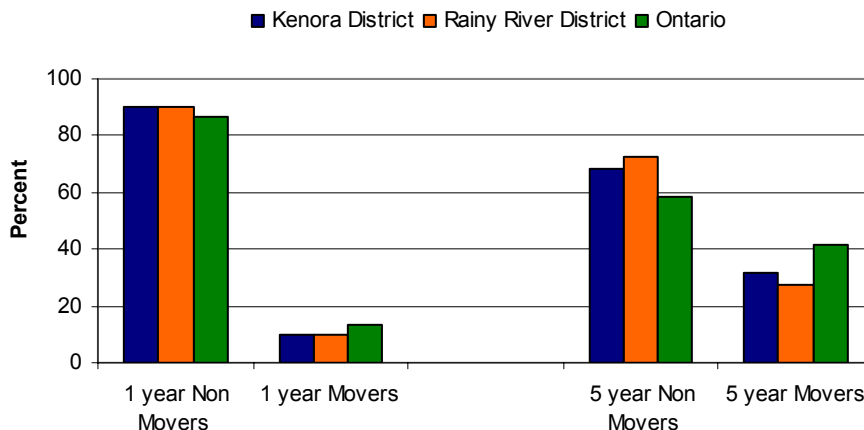
Excluded from the mobility questions are institutional residents and Canadians who are in households abroad such as diplomats and soldiers. Further excluded are persons under one year of age for the Mobility status one year ago and persons under five years of age for the Mobility status five years ago.

The 2006 Census in Kenora and Rainy River Districts

In the Kenora and Rainy River Districts, 90% of the population continued to live at the same place of residence (non-movers) one year before Census Day compared to 86.6% for that found for Ontario. This represented 56,655 people in the Kenora District and 18,975 people in the Rainy River District.

Between May 16, 2001, and May 16, 2006, 31.6% (18,750 people) of the population in the Kenora District and 27.2% (5,450 people) of the population in the Rainy River District did not live at the same place of residence (movers). In Ontario 41.3% of the population were identified as movers.

Movers and Non Movers, 2006

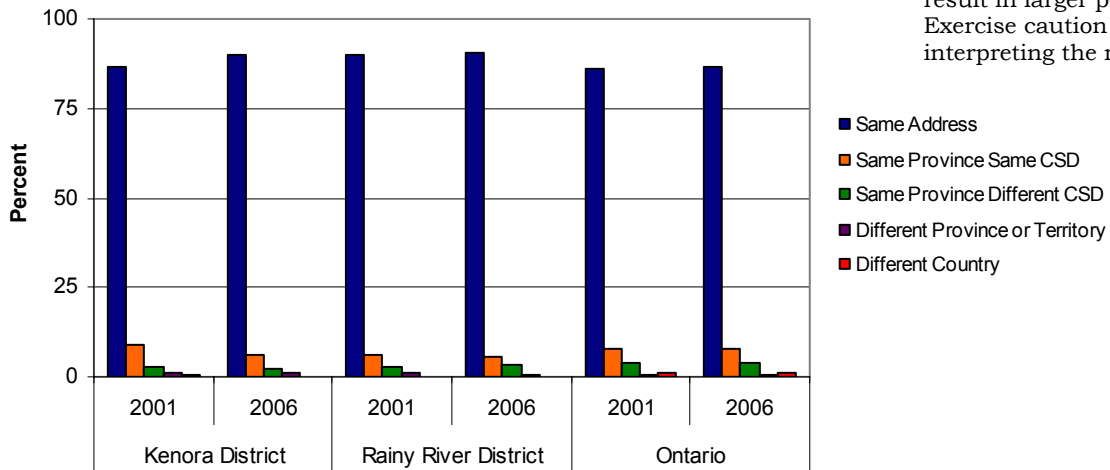


One Year Mobility:

On average 9 out of every 10 people tended to live at the same address as they had one year ago. In Ontario there was a higher percentage of the population that lived in the same province but had moved to different CSDs.

In Pickle Lake 7% (35 persons) of the population reported living in a different province one year ago, while 20% (90 persons) of the population reported living in a different province five years ago.

Mobility One Year Ago



Note: Our Districts have small numbers that can result in larger percentages. Exercise caution when interpreting the results.

Five Year Mobility:

In the Kenora District 63.1% of the population lived at the same address in 2001 compared to 68.4% in 2006. In the Rainy River District 69.6% of the population lived at the same address in 2001 compared to 72.8% in 2006. Ontario had the lowest percentage of its population living at the same address (57.2 and 58.7%, respectively).

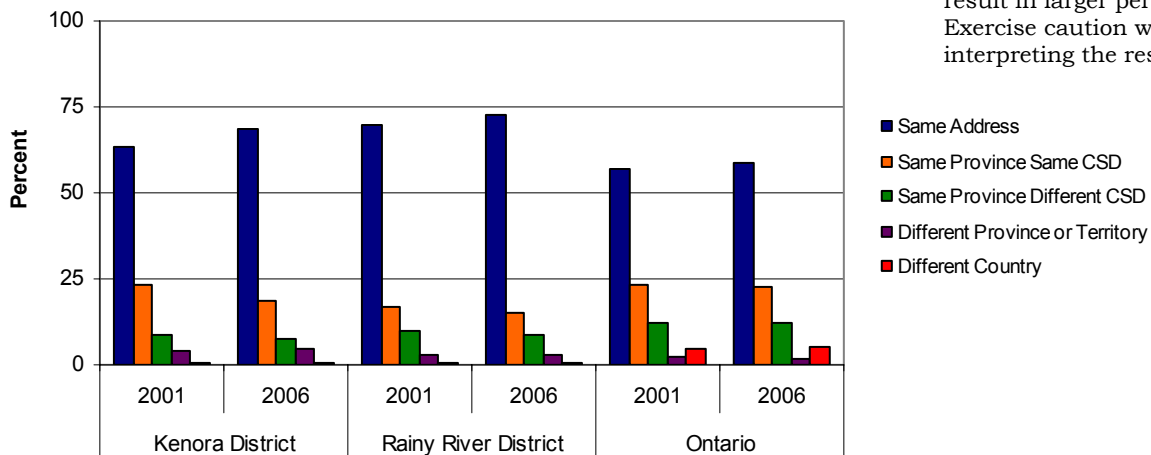
and Rainy River Districts (0.6% or 120 people). Conversely, Ontario reported a lower percentage of migrants from other provinces (2%).

In Alberton 94.7% (885 persons) of the population lived at the same address one year ago, while 75.5% (695 persons) of the population lived at the same address five years ago.

In 2006 Ontario continued to have a higher percentage of migrants from other countries (5%) than that found in the Kenora (0.7% or 395 people)

The towns of Pickle Lake, Red Lake and Alberton reported the highest percentages of movers from other provinces and territories.

Mobility Five Years Ago



Note: Our Districts have small numbers that can result in larger percentages. Exercise caution when interpreting the results.

One Year Mobility by Percent, Kenora and Rainy River Districts, 2006

	Same Address	Same Province/Same CSD	Same Province/Different CSD	Different Province/Territory	Different Country
Dryden	85.4	9.2	3.4	1.6	0.4
Ear Falls	89.6	5.7	0.9	3.9	0.0
Ignace	90.3	7.3	1.4	0.9	0.1
Kenora	90.3	7.3	1.4	0.9	0.1
Machin	93.8	2.1	3.6	1.0	0.0
Pickle Lake	71.9	16.7	3.1	7.3	0.0
Red Lake	86.6	7.5	2.6	2.7	0.7
Sioux Lookout	83.6	9.9	4.8	1.5	0.2
Sioux Narrows/Nestor Falls	96.3	2.2	0.0	1.5	0.0
Kenora Unorganized	90.3	7.3	1.4	0.9	0.1
Kenora District	89.8	6.4	2.5	1.2	0.2
Alberton	94.7	1.6	2.7	0.0	0.0
Atikokan	90.8	7.1	2.2	0.0	0.0
Chapple	94.6	0.0	5.4	0.0	0.0
Dawson	86.2	8.1	4.9	1.6	0.0
Emo	96.2	1.9	1.1	1.1	0.0
Fort Frances	86.8	8.1	3.9	0.8	0.3
La Vallee	94.8	1.9	2.8	0.0	0.9
Lake of the Woods	96.8	0.0	3.2	0.0	0.0
Morley	82.7	15.3	3.1	0.0	0.0
Rainy River	89.1	8.0	2.9	0.0	0.0
Rainy River Unorganized	94.6	0.7	5.0	0.0	0.0
Rainy River District	90.2	5.7	3.4	0.4	0.2
Ontario	86.6	8.0	3.8	0.5	1.1

Five Year Mobility by Percent, Kenora and Rainy River Districts, 2006

	Same Address	Same Province/Same CSD	Same Province/Different CSD	Different Province/Territory	Different Country
Dryden	64.1	23.1	7.1	4.4	1.2
Ear Falls	65.9	12.3	14.1	7.3	0.0
Ignace	67.6	22.7	5.4	4.0	0.3
Kenora	67.6	22.7	5.4	4.0	0.3
Machin	77.7	7.4	9.6	4.3	0.0
Pickle Lake	47.3	13.2	19.8	19.8	2.2
Red Lake	57.7	14.6	14.6	11.0	2.0
Sioux Lookout	52.8	27.4	13.6	4.7	1.6
Sioux Narrows/Nestor Falls	75.8	8.6	6.3	6.3	1.6
Kenora Unorganized	67.6	22.7	5.4	4.0	0.3
Kenora District	68.4	18.7	7.8	4.4	0.7
Alberton	75.5	4.9	8.2	10.3	0.0
Atikokan	76.0	16.5	5.1	2.1	0.3
Chapple	88.4	3.9	7.1	0.0	0.0
Dawson	71.6	5.2	21.6	0.0	1.7
Emo	70.0	10.4	17.2	2.4	0.0
Fort Frances	67.7	22.8	6.5	2.3	0.5
La Vallee	71.8	2.9	16.5	8.3	0.0
Lake of the Woods	88.7	3.2	3.2	3.2	0.0
Morley	74.5	17.3	7.1	0.0	2.0
Rainy River	73.0	17.2	4.9	3.7	1.8
Rainy River Unorganized	80.5	5.1	11.4	2.6	0.0
Rainy River District	72.8	15.3	8.5	2.8	0.6
Ontario	58.7	22.4	12.3	1.6	5.0